

<https://community.openvpn.net/openvpn/wiki/GettingStartedwithOVPN>

Server-Konfiguration

sources for configuration: # [http://sarwiki.informatik.huberlin.de/OpenVPN_\(deutsch\)](http://sarwiki.informatik.huberlin.de/OpenVPN_(deutsch)) #
<http://www.online--tutorials.net/security/openvpn-tutorial/>

BASICS

mode server

bridged vpn with client IP range

server-bridge 192.168.72.1 255.255.255.0 192.168.72.61 192.168.72.100

Protocol/port proto udp port 1194 ### Type of operation

operation with PKI tls-server

instead for using a symmetric key

secret /etc/openvpn/server_static.key

for vpn with shared key

tls-auth xxx 1 # Device type dev tap0

receive connection request on this local adress only

if not defined, use all interfaces

local 192.168.172.1

topology and network topology

subnet

make IPs persistant

ifconfig-pool-persist ipp.txt

clients can see each other

client-to-client

see

<http://winaero.com/blog/speed-up-openvpn-and-get-faster-speed-over-its-channel/>

sndbuf 393216

rcvbuf 393216

PKI - certificates and keys, directory of cert/key

cd /etc/openvpn

Root CA which signed openvpn server and client certs

```
ca /etc/easyrsa-pki/ca.crt
## cert of openvpn server
cert /etc/openvpn/locutus.netzwissen.local.crt
## key of server
key /etc/openvpn/locutus.netzwissen.local.key
# diffie hellman parameter
# create with: openssl genpkey -genparam -algorithm DH -out
/etc/openvpn/dh2014.pem
dh /etc/easyrsa-pki/dh.pem

# certificate revocation list, should be copied from CA
crl-verify /etc/openvpn/crl.pem

# Verification of certs
# Details: https://community.openvpn.net/openvpn/wiki/Openvpn23ManPage
# old method (Name/name-prefix from CN field)
# verify-x509-name locutus.netzwissen.local name

# new method from RFC3280: type of certificate must be client
remote-cert-eku "TLS Web Client Authentication"

# Cipher algorithm
cipher AES-256-CBC
# HMAC Authentication
auth SHA256

# tunnel compression
comp-lzo

# hardening. Beware: can exclude pre-2.3.3 clients
# tls-version-min 1.2

## pushed configs for clients for routing & dns
## redirect all traffic to VPN
## push "redirect-gateway def1" push "route 192.168.72.0 255.255.255.0
172.168.72.1"
push "dhcp-option DOMAIN netzwissen.local"
push "dhcp-option DNS 192.168.72.1"
push "dhcp-option WINS 192.168.72.1"

#
http://winaero.com/blog/speed-up-openvpn-and-get-faster-speed-over-its-channel/
push "sndbuf 393216"
push "rcvbuf 393216"

# will not work with --ifconfig-pool-persist
# duplicate-cn # permissions after connect
user nobody
group nogroup

# dont re-read keys after --ping-restart
persist-key
```

```
# dont restart tun after -ping-restart
persist-tun

### LOGGING
log /var/log/openvpn.log

# Status info
status /var/log/openvpn-status.log 20

# dont repeat messages so often
mute 20

# Log-Levels: 0 no logging, 4 standard, 5 + 6 debugging, 9 max
verb 6

# Daemon-Mode: write to syslog - activate after the configuration finished
daemon

# Management console
management localhost 7505
```

Management Console

Die Management Konsole läuft auf localhost und ist über P. 7505 erreichbar.

```
root@server6:/etc/openvpn/staticclients# telnet localhost 7505
```

Beenden mit quit.

```
INFO:OpenVPN Management Interface Version 1 - type 'help' for more info help
Management Interface for OpenVPN 2.3.10 x86_64-pc-linux-gnu [SSL (OpenSSL)]
[LZO] [EPOLL] [PKCS11] [MH] [IPv6] built on Feb 2 2016 Commands: auth-retry t
: Auth failure retry mode (none,interact,nointeract). bytcount n : Show
bytes in/out, update every n secs (0=off). echo [on|off] [N|all] : Like log,
but only show messages in echo buffer. exit|quit : Close management session.
forget-passwords : Forget passwords entered so far. help : Print this
message. hold [on|off|release] : Set/show hold flag to on/off state, or
release current hold and start tunnel. kill cn : Kill the client instance(s)
having common name cn. kill IP:port : Kill the client instance connecting
from IP:port. load-stats : Show global server load stats. log [on|off]
[N|all] : Turn on/off realtime log display + show last N lines or 'all' for
entire history. mute [n] : Set log mute level to n, or show level if n is
absent. needok type action : Enter confirmation for NEED-OK request of
'type', where action = 'ok' or 'cancel'. needstr type action : Enter
confirmation for NEED-STR request of 'type', where action is reply string.
net : (Windows only) Show network info and routing table. password type p :
Enter password p for a queried OpenVPN password. remote type [host port] :
Override remote directive, type=ACCEPT|MOD|SKIP. proxy type [host port flags]
: Enter dynamic proxy server info. pid : Show process ID of the current
OpenVPN process. pkcs11-id-count : Get number of available PKCS#11
```

identities. pkcs11-id-get index : Get PKCS#11 identity at index. client-auth CID KID : Authenticate client-id/key-id CID/KID (MULTILINE) client-auth-nt CID KID : Authenticate client-id/key-id CID/KID client-deny CID KID R [CR] : Deny auth client-id/key-id CID/KID with log reason text R and optional client reason text CR client-kill CID [M] : Kill client instance CID with message M (def=RESTART) env-filter [level] : Set env-var filter level client-pf CID : Define packet filter for client CID (MULTILINE) rsa-sig : Enter an RSA signature in response to >RSA_SIGN challenge Enter signature base64 on subsequent lines followed by END signal s : Send signal s to daemon, s = SIGHUP|SIGTERM|SIGUSR1|SIGUSR2. state [on|off] [N|all] : Like log, but show state history. status [n] : Show current daemon status info using format #n. test n : Produce n lines of output for testing/debugging. username type u : Enter username u for a queried OpenVPN username. verb [n] : Set log verbosity level to n, or show if n is absent. version : Show current version number.

Debugging auf OpenVPN Client Seite (Linux)

```
journalctl -fu NetworkManager
```

Client IPs fest zuweisen

In die *.conf kommt eine neue Direktive:

```
client-config-dir /etc/openvpn/staticclients
```

In diesem Verzeichnis für jeden Client einen Datei openvpn_dvsdnet_[name] legen. Diese enthält die IP Adresse und die Netzmaske des Clients:

```
ifconfig-push 192.168.50.16 255.255.255.0
```

OpenVPN liest diese Datei beim Connect zusätzlich ein, aber DNS und Gateway kommen weiterhin über die zentralen push Kommandos. Ggf kann man auch ein Client-spezifisches Push anhängen, siehe dazu <http://michstechblog.info/blog/openvpn-set-a-static-ip-address-for-a-client/>

Quelle: <https://github.com/OpenVPN/easy-rsa>

EASYRSA: CA einrichten

```
./easyrsa init-pki ./easyrsa build-ca
```

DH erzeugen

```
./easyrsa gen-dh
```

EASYRSA: Zertifikate erzeugen

Signing Request (CSR) erzeugen, mit **nopass** = Key **ohne** Passwort

```
./easysrsa gen-req EntityName ./easysrsa gen-req EntityName nopass
```

danach signieren mit

```
./easysrsa sign-req server EntityName ./easysrsa sign-req client EntityName
```

server und *client* bestimmt, ob es ein Server oder Client Zertifikat ist.

Achtung bei OpenVPN: der Client sollte den im OpenVPN Zertifikat angegebenen Common Name prüfen. Server prüft seinerseits den Zertifikatstyp des Clients (RFC3280):

```
# Verification of certs # Details:
```

```
https://community.openvpn.net/openvpn/wiki/Openvpn23ManPage # old method  
(Name/name-prefix from CN field) # verify-x509-name locutus.netzwissen.local  
name # new method from RFC3280: type of certificate must be client remote-  
cert-eku "TLS Web Client Authentication"
```

EASYRSA: Zertifikate zurückziehen

```
./easysrsa revoke server EntityName
```

Danach mit `easysrsa gen-crl` die zurückgezogenen zertifikate in die `crl` aufnehmen.

`pki/index.txt` zeigt, welche Zertifikate zurückgezogen wurden.

Inhalte kontrollieren

CSR

```
openssl req -in www2.netzwissen.de.csr -text -noout
```

Zertifikat

```
openssl x509 -in certificate.crt -text -noout
```

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